ST. JOHN'S LUTHERAN CHURCH-Red Bud, Illinois

Adult Bible Class: "Fear or Faith; Terror or Trust? Worldly Worry or Christian Living" Hymn: 764 "When Aimless Violence Takes Those We Love" (what is the recurring promise?)

Joshua 1:9 (The Lord to Joshua) "Have I not comman	•
not be frightened, and do not be dismayed, for the Lor	
go." Why not be frightened or dismayed?	
1st Chronicles 22:13 (David to Solomon) "Then you w	
the statutes and the rules that the Lord commanded M	9
Fear not; do not be dismayed." What will keep us fro	
1st Chronicles 28:10 and 20 10 Be careful now, for the	•
the sanctuary; be strong and do it." ²⁰ Then David sa	_
courageous and do it. Do not be afraid and do not be d	lismayed, for the LORD God, even my
God, is with you. He will not leave you or forsake you	, until all the work for the service of the
house of the LORD is finished." Why not be afraid or	dismayed?
Psalm 91: "This strong confession of faith and examp	•
safety urges all readers to seek the Lord's refuge when	n fearful times arise." (Lutheran Study
Bible, page 936) "Believers rest in the shade of God's	protectionThe psalmist first states the
general principle that all who seek shelter in the Most	High will find peace and safety in His
protection. In verse 2 he confesses his own faith in thi	s principle. Then in the main body of the
psalm he exhorts each of his readers to place their trus	et in God's protection." (John Brug,
People's Bible Commentary, CPH, pages 85-86)	
Verses 1 and 2: What four names are used?	
What are the benefits of a "shelter"?	
Of a "shadow"?	
Of a "refuge"?	
Of a "fortress"?	
Verse 3: What are the two things from which the M	
VI/le a mai alad la a dia ((Gamilan))	
Who might be the "fowler"? W	
Verse 4: What two images are used to describe God	I's protection of us?
Matthew 23:37 and Luke 13:34 (Jesus said) "O Jerusa	alem, Jerusalem, you who kill the prophets
and stone those sent to you, how often I have longed t	
gathers her chicks under her wings but you were not y	avilling!"

gathers her chicks under her wings, but you were not willing!

Psalm 35:1-2 Contend, O Lord, with those who contend with me; fight against those who fight against me. Take up shield and buckler; arise, and come to my aid.

Zechariah 12:8 On that day the Lord will shield those who live in Jerusalem, so that the feeblest among them will be like David, and the house of David will be like God, like the Angel of the Lord going before them.

Verses 5-6: What four things would there be to fear here?
Why do we need not fear such things?
Verses 7-8: Is the danger real? How is that reality described?
What is the comfort of these two verses?
How is this danger described? Who receives it?
Verses 9-10: The NIV translates the Hebrew <u>ki</u> as a condition with "if" for verse 9 and then
verse 10 is the following future benefit. The ESV translates it as a causal with "because" where
the benefit already is being experienced.
What won't befall us with the Lord as our "dwelling (place)"?
Verses 11-13: What will God use to guard us?
What describes how complete their protection of us is?
Even from what wild dangers are we protected?
"Dangerous animals are often used to symbolize adversaries who attack unexpectedly. In
addition to protection, God gives strength to stomp these enemies in victory." (Lutheran Study
Bible, page 937) "Lions and poisonous snakes may represent mortal dangers, but it is striking
that elsewhere in Scripture both of these animals are representatives of Satan." PBC, page 88
Matthew 4:5-7 Then the devil took Him to the holy city and set Him on the pinnacle of the
temple ⁶ and said to Him, "If You are the Son of God, throw Yourself down, for it is written,
"He will command His angels concerning you,' and "On their hands they will bear you up,
lest you strike your foot against a stone." ⁷ Jesus said to him, "Again it is written, 'You shall
not put the Lord your God to the test."
Are there limitations to God's promise of protection?
In what ways might we put ourselves into harm's way?
In what ways hight we put ourselves into harm's way.
Verses 14-16: Here both the NIV and ESV translate the Hebrew particle ki with "because." We
pray, "Deliver us from evil." These words promise us fulfillment of this petition.
What three conditions are listed which are necessary to enjoy God's protection?
What eight promises does God make to such a person who does those three things?
What extra gifts does God add to His promise in verse 16?
"How quickly life can go from smooth and routine to troubled and fearful! How encouraging it
is to know of God's protection. Our security comes from His promises kept. Jesus trampled
Satan once and for all when He gloriously rose the dead. We walk in victory even during
dangerous times because He is with us and will not let us be senarated from His love. Thank

dangerous times because He is with us and will not let us be separated from His love. Thank You, Lord, for Your security and strength in this perilous world."(*Lutheran Study Bible, p. 937*) We pray in this petition, in summary, that our Father in heaven would rescue us from every evil of body and soul, possessions and reputation, and finally, when our last hour comes, give us a blessed end, and graciously take us from this valley of sorrow to Himself in heaven.